



## Terry G. Hillard

Partner, Hillard Heintze LLC  
 Superintendent, Chicago Police Department (Retired)  
 Sergeant E-5, U.S. Marine Corps (Retired)

Chicago, IL

Terry G. Hillard has lived his life with one mission: to serve and protect. An oath he first took when he was commissioned as a police officer, Hillard has made it his guiding principle.

“To me, the oath wasn’t just words. I really believed in what I was saying, and I continue to believe in it,” he said.

Hillard decided to become a police officer after serving in the Marine Corps, during which time he spent 13 months in Vietnam. The assignment opened his eyes to the value of life and the importance of helping others. After serving four years, he was honorably discharged from the military with a new sense of purpose.

“I went back to my hometown and joined the Chicago Police Department. The decision was never about me. It was about the greater good I could accomplish through serving my community,” said Hillard.

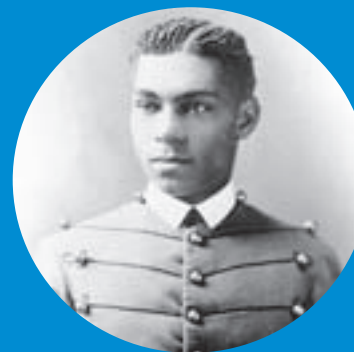
During his 35 years with the Chicago Police Department, Hillard’s dedication and hard work led to numerous recognitions. He earned the Chicago Police Medal after just five years on the force. Later, he became the first African American chief of detectives. He retired from the department in 2003 as superintendent, the highest rank an officer can reach.

Now, Hillard is cofounder and partner of Hillard Heintze LLC. He applies what he learned on the police force to generating security solutions for large organizations and events.

“The values of law enforcement can be applied to any profession. When you serve others, you’re able to sleep at night and look at yourself in the mirror in the morning,” said Hillard.



1870  
 Hiram Revels is elected the first African American U.S. senator, replacing Jefferson Davis for the Mississippi seat. Previously, as a Civil War chaplain, Revels helped raise two black Union regiments and fought in the battle of Vicksburg.



1877  
 Henry O. Flipper becomes the first black to graduate from the United States Military Academy at West Point.

# JANUARY 2010

Sunday	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday
					1 1863: Abraham Lincoln issues Emancipation Proclamation. New Year's Day	2 1965: Rev. Dr. Martin Luther King Jr. calls for nonviolent protests if Alabama blacks are not allowed to register and vote.
3 1624: William Tucker, first African child born in America.	4 1971: The Congressional Black Caucus organized.	5 1943: George Washington Carver, agricultural scientist and inventor, dies.	6 1831: The World Anti-Slavery Convention opens in London.	7 1890: William B. Purvis patents fountain pen.	8 1811: Charles Deslondes leads slave revolt in Louisiana.	9 1866: Fisk University founded in Nashville, Tennessee.
10 1864: George Washington Carver, agricultural scientist and inventor, born.	11 1940: Benjamin O. Davis Sr. becomes U.S. Army's first black general.	12 1948: Supreme Court rules blacks have right to study law at state institutions.	13 1990: L. Douglas Wilder inaugurated as first African American governor (Virginia) since Reconstruction.	14 1975: William T. Coleman named secretary of Transportation.	15 1929: Rev. Dr. Martin Luther King Jr., a major voice for civil rights in the 20th century, born.	16 1978: NASA names African American astronauts Maj. Frederick D. Gregory, Maj. Guion S. Bluford Jr. and Dr. Ronald E. McNair.
17 1942: Three-time heavyweight boxing champion Muhammad Ali (Cassius Clay) born.	18 1856: Dr. Daniel Hale Williams, pioneer heart surgeon, born. Rev. Dr. Martin Luther King Jr.'s Birthday Observed	19 1918: John H. Johnson, editor and publisher of <i>Ebony</i> and <i>Jet</i> magazines, born.	20 2009: Barack H. Obama sworn in as the 44th president of the United States of America, becoming the first African American to hold the office of U.S. commander-in-chief.	21 1870: Hiram Revels elected first black U.S. senator, replacing Jefferson Davis for the Mississippi seat.	22 2009: Susan Rice confirmed as U.S. ambassador to the United Nations, becoming the first African American woman to represent the nation before the world in this capacity.	23 1891: Dr. Daniel Hale Williams founds Provident Hospital in Chicago, the first training hospital for black doctors and nurses in the U.S.
24 1865: Congress passes 13th Amendment, which, on ratification, abolishes slavery.	25 1851: Sojourner Truth addresses first Black Women's Rights Convention, Akron, Ohio.	26 1954: Dr. Theodore K. Lawless, dermatologist, awarded the Spingarn Medal for research in skin-related diseases.	27 1961: Leontyne Price, world-renowned opera singer, makes her Metropolitan Opera debut.	28 1998: Sarah "Madam C.J." Walker, first black female millionaire, honored on U.S. postage stamp.	29 1926: Violette Neatly Anderson becomes first black woman lawyer to argue a case before the Supreme Court.	30 1844: Richard Theodore Greener, first black to graduate from Harvard, born.
31 2006: Coretta Scott King, widow of Rev. Dr. Martin Luther King Jr., who enshrined his legacy of human rights and equality, dies.						